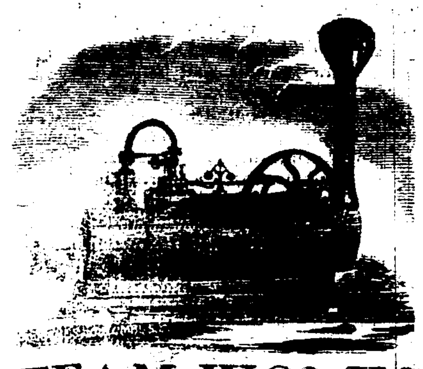
# The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 8. ALTOONA, PA., TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1863. NO. 24.

Muskingum Valley



STEAM WORKS

CORNER OF

Market and Third Streets,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

WE ARE NOW TURNING OUT A LARGE number of our improved Portable Steam Engines, and Portable Circular Saw Mills, as well as Stationary Engines and Saw Mills, many of which are finding their way into Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon and Crawford Counties, and other parts of the State of Pennsylvania. Those already received and in operation, are giving the most entire satisfaction. There is now hardly a State or Territory in the Union, but that our improved Portable Engines and Saw Mills are in use in. All our Engines have Spark Arrester Stacks on them which confine the flying sparks. We would respectfully refer you to the following gentlemen and Certificates for the portability, utility and practical operations of our Portable Steam Engines and Saw Mills:

HARTSTOWN, Crawford Co., Pa.,
May 16th, 1863.

Messrs. J. & J. H. DUVALL:—Gentlemen:—We received a Twenty Horse Power Portable Engine and Saw Mill in good order. We are perfectly satisfied with it; everything works to our entire satisfaction—in fact beyond our expectations. We sawed 4000 feet of white oak boards in five hours, and could have done more in the same time, had we have had good logs.

We take pleasure in recommending those in want of Saw Mills and Engines to purchase of you.

Respectfully, C. REYNOLDS & E. ANDRESS.

We are authorized to say, for Mr. Samuel Milliken, Hollidaysburg, Pa., that the 20 horse power Portable Engine and Saw Mill we sold him, has fully met his expectation and proved itself to be all that was claimed for it in our circular; and since starting it, has sent in his order for a second Engine and Saw Mill, of same power and size.

For further references, we will give the names of M. Dill and Thomas M'Auley, Altoona, Pa.; A. L. Holliday, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; M. M. Adams, Cresson, Pa.; W. & Zeigler and Joseph S. Reed, Huntingdon, Pa.; Messrs. Burley & Co., Tyrone, Pa., all of whom have purchased Portable Steam Engines and Portable Circular Saw Mills of us.

We fully warrant our Engines and Saw Mills, to be made of first-class material; workmanship the same; with Brass Ball Valves in pumps and checks, and to saw from 6,000 to 10,000 feet of lumber per day.

Orders solicited. Description circular sent to all correspondents.

Respectfully,
J. & J. H. DUVALL,
Corner Market and 3rd Streets,
just opposite C. O. R. Road Depot, Zanesville, Ohio.
June 2, 1863-4m.

O, YES! O, YES!!
THIS WAY! THIS WAY!
NEW
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

such as *Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Bereges, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c. &c.*

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 28, 1863.

EXCELSIOR
Hat & Cap Store.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EXCELSIOR" HAT and CAP Store, would inform his customers, and the Public generally, that he has just returned from the city with the largest and most varied stock of goods in his line ever brought to Altoona, all of which he has now on exhibition and sale at his new store room on Virginia street, next door to Jaggard's store. His stock embraces all the latest styles of

SPRING AND SUMMER

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

I have also on hand an entirely new stock of

Ladies' and Childrens' Hats and Flats,

which I am confident cannot be surpassed in the country, all of which I will sell at the most reasonable prices. Remember the Hall of Fashion when you want anything in the line of head-covering, and call on

May 4, '63-tf JESSE SMITH.

New Drug Store.

S. BERLIN & CO., ANNOUNCE TO the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have opened a Drug and Variety Store in

WORK'S NEW BUILDING,

*Virginia Street, between Julia and Caroline Streets,*
where may be had

*DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DYE-STUFFS,*
*PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES,*
*PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PUTTY,*

and all other articles usually sold in the Drug business.

OUR MEDICINES

are of the purest and best quality, and our Chemicals bear the marks of the best manufacturers.

Painters, Glaziers, Builders and others requiring to use PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, TURPENTINE, Window Glass, Putty, Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, &c., &c., will find our assortment to be of the BEST QUALITY AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

The purest Wines and Liquors for Medicinal, Mechanical and Sacramental purposes always in store.

☞ All orders correctly and promptly answered, and Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

*E. B. McCRUM. - - - - - - H. C. DERN,*
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,)...... $1 50

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

| | 1 insertion | 2 do. | 3 do |
|---|---|---|---|
| Four lines or less | $ 25 | $ 37½ | $ 50 |
| One Square, (8 lines) | 50 | 75 | 1 00 |
| Two " (16 ") | 1 00 | 1 50 | 2 00 |
| Three " (24 ") | 1 50 | 2 00 | 2 50 |

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

| | 3 months. | 6 months. | 1 year. |
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| Six lines or less | $ 1 50 | $ 3 00 | $ 5 00 |
| One square | 2 50 | 4 00 | 7 00 |
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| Half a column | 10 00 | 14 00 | 20 00 |
| One column | 14 00 | 25 00 | 40 00 |
| Administrators and Executors Notices | | | 1 75 |
| Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change | | | 10 00 |
| Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year | | | 5 00 |

Communications of a political character or individual interest, will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

## Choice Poetry.

### WHEN THIS CRUEL WAR IS OVER.

BY CHARLES C. SAWYER.

Dearest love, do you remember,
When we last did meet,
How you told me that you loved me,
Kneeling at my feet?
Oh! how proud you stood before me,
In your suit of blue,
When you vowed to me and country,
Ever to be true.

CHORUS.—Weeping, sad and lonely,
Hopes and fears how vain!
Yet praying,
When this cruel war is over,
Praying that we meet again.

When the summer breeze is sighing
Mournfully along;
Or when autumn leaves are falling,
Sadly breathes the song.
Oft in dreams I see thee lying
On the battle plain,
Lonely, wounded, even dying,
Calling, but in vain.

CHORUS.—Weeping, sad, &c.

If amid the din of battle,
Nobly you should fall,
Far away from those who love you,
None to hear you call—
Who would whisper words of comfort,
Who would soothe your pain?
Ah! the many cruel fancies
Ever in my brain.

But our country called you, darling,
Angels cheer your way;
While our nation's sons are fighting,
We can only pray.
Nobly strike for God and liberty,
Let all nations see
How we love our starry banner,
Emblem of the free.

CHORUS.—Weeping sad, &c.

## Select Miscellany.

### QUEER CANDIDATE FOR CHURCH MEMBERSHIP.

"Old Steve," or "Lying Steven," as he was farmiliarly called, by virtue of a strong original genius, and an indefatigable perseverance and application, had acquired the reputation of being the greatest liar that ever existed in the State of ——. Wherever he made his appearance, therefore, at muster or training, he was sure to be surrounded by a host of eager listeners. He greatly excelled the renowned Munchausen, who simply told extravagant stories, and sometimes blundered on the truth. Steve, on the other hand, never told a word of truth, even by mistake, in all his life, and lied circumstantially and in every particular. In short, it came to him as naturally as eating and drinking, or rather as breathing, for he not only lied to listeners, but when he had no other person to lie to, he would tell lies to himself, just to keep his hand in. This fact was ascertained beyond any doubt by his denying it in the most solemn manner when somebody accused him of the practice.

It was Mr. Stevens' misfortune, one time, to lose a good deal of money on a horse race. This made him feel uncommonly serious; so he went to a camp-meeting, which was held about five miles from his residence, to see if he couldn't make up a little by "shaking props" with the boys. They happened, however, to be too much for him that time, and he was completely *cleaned out*. This made him, if possible, feel more serious than ever, and as there happened to be a powerful preacher there, who could make himself heard at the distance of a mile, he thought he would turn over a new leaf at once. When he got home, therefore, the first thing he did was to send for a minister. The worthy man came, and to his extreme amazement, found that Stevens wanted to join the church.

"I have no hesitation in laying your proposition before the brethern," said the good old man trying to smother a laugh.

"Of course you haven't," responded Steve with great confidence.

"And if you could give satisfactory evidence of amendment, Mr. Stevens," continued the minister, emphasizing the word, "they might take you on probation at any rate, we have a meeting to-night and I can let you know to-morrow."

"Probation be d—dogged!" ejaculated Steve, as the minister hastily retreated, "why can't they let me join at once while I feel like it?"

The proposition, as might have been expected, created a real sensation. There was hardly a member of the church, male or female, who had not, at sometime or other, been victimized by Stevens' slanderous tongue, and they could hardly hear his name with patience. Some of them went so far as to say if he joined they would leave; and that settled the matter, for they were among the "forehanded members," who could afford to speak out because the church couldn't afford to lose them.

However, to avoid any trouble with an unscrupulous fellow like Steve, it was resolved to break the matter to him as gently as possible. Two of the most respectable men in the church were appointed to call upon him, and it was generally understood that such was their known mildness of disposition, that every possible excuse consistent with truth would be made for not receiving him.

The rest of the story must be told in Steve's own words:

"When old Deacon Peabody came along, I sot in the back door whitlin' a hoe handle, and I hope to suffer if I wasn't mad enough to rare right up. A cousin of my wife's, whose sister was a member, had come over airly and told us all about it."

"Good mornin', Mr. Stevens," says the old hypocrite, with a face as long as a yard of pump-water.

"I said nothin', but kept on whitlin'."

"I came down to see you this morning," says he.

"Well," says I, "how do you like my looks?"

"Oh," says he, "what I mean is that I came down to labor with you."

"Work away, then, why don't you?" was all he got out of me.

"But, Mr. Stevens," said he very solemnly, "the church sent me down here to talk with you a minute."

"Well," you've been talkin' for more'n five minutes, Deacon Peabody," says I, and you've said nothing yet; now, when are you goin' to begin?"

The old Israelite looked almost mad enough to bite my head off, at a snap; but he tho't it best to keep cool, so he drew a long breath and went on:

"Nobody wants to hurt your feelings or make any trouble, Mr. Stevens; but the church have come to the conclusion that, perhaps, on the whole, under the circumstances, and in view of everything, it might possibly be best all around, and taking all things into consideration, for you not to be hasty in appylin' jist at at present. They think on mature reflection that it might be as well if you'd conclude to postpone it a little while, say a year or eighteen months."

"They dew? Wall, now, Deacon, what makes 'em think so? The church ain't full, is it?"

"This was a hard question. The old sarpint knew very well that it wouldn't answer to say he didn't know, for he knew fast enuff—and knew that I knew he did. So says he—

"Mr. Stevens, I'm sorry you're so riled about it—you've no occasion—I didn't come to offend you, but you know as well as I do why the church don't accept you."

"If I knew I wouldn't ask you to tell me, Deacon Peabody."

"Wall," says he, "don't you know what *large stories* you're in the habit of tellin'?"

"Who says I tell large stories?" says I; it ain't the truth, and you can,t prove it ain't. Now ain't it a shame, Deacon, for a man like you to go round scandalizin' a neighbor that way? What story did you ever hear of mine that wasn't true? Come, lay your finger on the first story, and I won't say another word."

"Why, there's so many on 'em," answered the Deacon, "that it's a'most impossible to specify any one in particular. But now I think on it; don't you remember that story you told about your father's bein' killed by a bear?"

"My father's bein' killed by a bear?" says I; there it is now! That is jist the way folks lie about me! It's an untruth, like the rest on 'em, and you ought to be ashamed, Deacon Peabody, to be runnin' round town, tellin' things that ain't so!"

"Well," said he, pretty short, "you've made them 'are observations about often enough; if you didn't say your father was killed by a bear, what was it you did say?"

"I'll tell you. I said, 'that father was one of the first men to bring sheep into this 'ere town,' and that is no story, is it."

"No," said he, "it ain't."

"And one day I said that he lost one of them 'are sheep in the woods; and that is likely, if it ain't true—and when he was lookin' for it, I said he came across a bear. The bear growled at dad, and dad hollered at the bear, and finally the beast came at him, and tore all his insides out, and then your father, Deacon Peabody, who was a respectable man, sir, and never would 'agone about town scandalizin, his neighbors—your father heard my father holler, and came up, and seein' how matters stood, ran for the doctor."

"When the doctor came, the fust thing that he did was to catch a sheep and cut its insides out, and put them in the place of dad's, and I never said dad was killed by a bear! No, sir! I told the naked truth—I said he grew as well as ever he was, except that he hankered after hay all the winter, and had wool enough grown to make him an overcoat in the spring—You don,t call that a large story, I hope. If you won't let a feller jine the church because he tells the truth, you won't find many decent members, I guess!"

"The old man riz rite straight and walked away without sayin' another word. What he thought I never could learn, for the old christian hain't opened his head to me since."

* * *

### HOW HE GOT A SUPPER.

A few months since, a man, who called himself a conjurer, entered a tavern in a country town, and asked the company who were assembled in the bar-room if they would like to witness one of his tricks.—The fellow looked cold and hungry, so the landlord gave assent, and stated that he knew a few tricks himself, and had seen a great many wonderful ones. The conjurer then requested the company to place three hats upon the table, which being done, he desired the landlord to bring a loaf of bread, and the stranger cut out three pieces, (nearly half a pound each) and placed one upon each hat. He then stated that he could do the trick much more comfortably to himself if he had three pieces of cheese. The cheese being brought he cut three good sized pieces and placed one by each piece of bread. Now was the grand trick. The conjurer turned up the cuffs of his coat, took off his neck-handkerchief and unbuttoned his shirt-collar, and stated that he would now proceed to eat the three pieces of bread and afterwards bring all under one hat. He commenced eating the bread and cheese, and after eating two pieces he could not proceed with the third and finish the trick, unless he had something to drink. The landlord, wishing that the wonderful trick should be proceeded with for the amusement of his customers, immediately proceeded to give the fellow a quart of ale; and the third piece of bread and cheese soon followed the first two pieces. Now the grand trick was to be disclosed, and the landlord and his companions axiously waited to see it. The conjurer said, "now, gentlemen, which hat shall I bring the bread and cheese under?"

The landlord pointed out his own hat, wishing to take part in the trick as well as his bread and cheese. It being so arranged, the conjurer again said, "gentlemen, I have eaten the bread and cheese, and now I will bring it under the landlord's hat," and he immediately placed the hat upon his head and continued, "now you will perceive that it is under the hat without any deception."

There were shouts of laughter from all the company except the landlord, who was minus three pieces of bread and a quart of ale.

The fellow left the house without making a collection of the company, he being well satisfied with the londlord's generosity.

* * *

AN ACCOMODATING JUDGE.—Judge H——, of Missouri, was an accommodating man, but he would drink more than was beneficial for his head, or the bench upon which he sat. On one occasion, after his appointment, business called him to Liberty, and while there, meeting with many of his old associates at the bar, he got into a convivial mood, which lasted several days, and on going out he looked rather worse for wear. In crossing the river at Owen's Landing, there was a boat discharging freight, and in great haste for fear that another boat would pass that just hove in sight.

The clerk sang out:

"I say, old man can't you lend the men a hand in taking off that furniture? I will pay you well for doing so, and double filly in the bargain."

"Oh, yes," said the judge always ready to help in time of need.

"Then turn in and be quick," said the clerk.

The first thing was a marble-top bureau In going off the plank the judge slipped, and the clerk roared out:

"There now, throw that into the river, will you?"

"Certainly," said the judge, and giving a kick with the order, overboard it went.

"Helloa! what is that for?" said the clerk.

"I always obey orders when I work for a man," said the judge.

"Leave," said the clerk.

"Agreed," said the judge.

"Who is that man?" said the clerk.

"That is judge H———, of the fith Judicial District of Missouri," said a bystander.

"Let go that line!" cried the clerk, and the boat put into the stream at its highest rate of speed.

### THE HARDEST MODE TO DIE.

To be shot dead is one of the easiest modes of terminating life; yet, rapid as it is, the body has leisure to feel and reflect On the first attempt, by one of the frantic adherents of Spain, to assasinate William Prince of Orange, who took the lead in the revolt of the Netherlands, the ball passed through the bone of the face and brought him to the ground. In the instant preceding stupefaction, he was able to frame a notion, that the ceiling of the room had fallen and crushed him. The cannon-shot which plunged into the brain of Charles XII, did not prevent him from seizing his sword by the hilt. The idea of an attack, and the necessity of defence, was pressed upon him by a blow which we should have supposed too tremendous to leave an interval of thought. But it by no means follows the inflicting of fatal violence is followed by a pang. From what is known of the first effect of gun-shot wounds, it is probable that the impression is stunning rather than acute. Unless death be immediate, the pain is as varied as the nature of the injuries, and these are past counting up. But there is nothing singular in the dying sensation, thougt Lord Byron remarked the physiological peculiarity that the expression is invariably that of languor, while in death from a stab, the countenance reflects the traits of natural character, of gentleness or ferocity to the last breath. Some of these cases are of interest, to show with what slight disturbance life may go on under a mortal wound, till it finally comes to a sudden stop. A foot-soldier at Waterloo, pierced by a musket-ball in the hip, begged water of a trooper, who chanced to possess a canteen of beer. The wounded man drank, returned his heartiest thanks, mentioned that his regiment was nearly exterminated, and having proceeded a dozen yards on his way to the rear, fell to the earth, and with one convulsive movement of his limbs, concluded his career. "But his voice," says the trooper, who himself tells the story, "gave scarcely the smallest sign of weakness." Captain Basil Hall, who in early youth was at the battle of Coruna, has singled out, from the confusion which consigns to oblivion the woes and gallantry of war, another instance, extremely similar, which occurred on that occasion. An old officer, who was shot in the head, arrived pale and faint at the temporary hospital, and begged the surgeon to look as his wound, which was pronounced mortal. "Indeed I feared so," he responded with impatient utterance, "and yet I should like very much to live a little longer, if it were possible." He laid his sword upon a stone at his side, "as gently," says Hall, "as if its steel had been turned to glass," and almost immediately sunk dead on the turf.

* * *

HEBREW NAMES WITH ENGLISH ACCENTS—Some young ladies who had been attending an evening party, desired to return home, but had no male attendant. The master of the house requested his son to accompany them, and made use of a scripture name. What was it?

Jereboam—Jerry, beau 'em.

Jerry proving reluctant, the gentleman desired another son to act as escort. What scripture name did he utter?

Lemuel—Lem you will.

Still there was a difficulty, and a like request was made in a similar manner to another son. What was it?

Samuel—Sam you will.

Samuel having consented, the party took their seats in a sleigh for the purpose of going home. It was found there was plenty of room for one more. What scripture name did the old gentleman use to induce another son to accompany the guests?

Benjamin—Ben jam in.

The driver was requested to start in another scripture name. What was it?

Joshua—Jos away.

When the sleigh was fairly off, it was discovered that one of the young ladies had been left behind. There was no possibility of recalling her companions, so the old gentleman asked still another of his sons to condole the young lady for her disappointment. What was the last scripture name used?

Ebenezer—Eben, ease her.

* * *

☞ A good-looking fellow was charged with stealing a watch. It was the first offence, and he was ready to plead guilty. The magistrate asked him what had induced him to commit the theft. The young man replied that, "having been ill for some time, the doctor advised him to take something, which he accordingly did." The magistrate was rather pleased with the humor of the thing, and asked what led him to select a watch. "Why," said the prisoner, "I thought if I only took *time*, that Nature would work a cure!"

* * *

☞ "Put your tongue out a little farther," said a physician to a female patient; "a little farther ma'am, if you please—a little farther still." "Why doctor do you think there is no end to a woman's tongue?" said the fair invalid.

### EDITING A PAPER.

If the paper contains too much political matter, people won't have it.

If it contains too little, they don't want it.

If the type is large it don't contain enough reading matter.

If the type is small, people can't read it.

If we publish telegraph reports, people say they are nothing but lies.

If we omit them, they say we have no enterprise, or suppress them for political effect.

If we have in a few jokes, folks say we are nothing but a rattle-head.

If we omit jokes, they say we are an old fossil.

If we publish original matter, they find fault with us for not giving selections.

If we publish selections, folks say we are lazy for not writing more, and giving them what they have not read before in some other paper.

If we give a man complimentary notices, we are censured for being partial.

If we do not, all hands say we are a greedy hog.

If we insert an article which pleases the ladies, the men become jealous.

If we do not cater to their wishes, the paper is not fit to have in the house.

If we attend church, they say it is only for effect.

If we do not they denouce us as deceitful and desperately wicked.

If we speak well of any act of the President, folk say we dare not do otherwise.

If we censure, they call us a traitor.

If we remain in the office and attend to our business, folks say we are too proud to mingle with our fellows.

If we go out, they say we never attend to our business.

If we do not pay all bills promptly, folks say we are not to be trusted.

If we do pay promptly, they swear we stole the money.

If we wear poor clothes, they say business is poor.

If we wear good ones, they say we are a spendthrift.

Now what is a poor fellow to do?

* * *

A PLEA FOR CERTAIN OFFENDERS.—In the book called "My Southern Friends," there is a defense by one Jack Larkin of a wretched negro driver called Mulock, the homely philosophy of which may be applied to the case of other offenders:

"Now, fur bein' both mean an' a fool. I 'low he orter be punished. But doant ye kill him, gentlemen! Guv it tur him 'cordin' to his natur and merits. Just look at him. Hev ye ever seed sich a face, an' sech an eye as that in any human bein'? Why, his eye ar' jest like a snake's; an' its nat'ral, ye knows, for snakes to crawl, the' can,t do nuthin' else, an' the' hain't to blame for it.

"No more ye karn't blame Murlock fur bein' whot he ar'. So guv him a coat uv tar, a ride on a rail, a duckin' in the pond—anything thet's 'cordin' ter his natur an' his merits; but doan't ye take away his life! If ye does thet, he's lost—lost furever; fur I swar ter yer, his soul ar' so small thet if it wus once out uv his body th' Lord himself couldn't find it, an' the poor feller'd hev ter go wand'rin' round with nary whar to stay, an' nary friends, aither in heaven or t'orther place! So be easy with him, gentlemen. Guv him one more chance. Let him stay yere a spell longer, fur yere his soul may grow. An' it kin grow. Everything in natur grows—even skunks; an' who knows but Mulock may spread out yet an' grow ter be a man."

* * *

A GOOD STOMACH.—A country youth, having an uncle living in town, resolved to pay him a visit. He accordingly started off one morning, and arrived at his uncle's house just as supper was ready.—Being very hungry from his long walk, he no sooner got seated at the table than he commenced a furious onslaught on the eatables, right and left."

"Hold on, sir," said his uncle, who was a pious man, "We always say something here before we eat."

"Say, what you've a mind to," answered the, boy between two mouthfuls, "you can't turn my stomach!"

* * *

☞ Say what you will of old maids, their love is generally more strong and sincere than that of the young milk and water creatures, whose hearts vibrate between the joys of wedlock and the dissipations of the ball-room. Until the young heart of woman is capable of settling firmly and exclusively on one subject, her love is like a May shower, which makes rainbows, but fills no cisterns.

* * *

☞ Upon coming into the office the other day, we asked the "devil" his rule for punctuation. Said he:

"I set up as long as I can hold my breath, then put in a comma; when I gape, I insert a semi-colon; when I sneeze, a colon; and when I want another chaw of tobaoco, I make a paragraph."

* * *

☞ Fifty-five thousand four hundred and twenty-seven emigrants have arrived in this country since the first of January.

# Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1863.

☞ One of the meanest slanders and most infamous charges against the honesty of the soldiers of the Republic, who are enduring and sacrificing so much for the preservation of the Union, we find in the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union* of Saturday morning last, based on the order of Gen. Burnside placing Kentucky under martial law. It is known that the election for members of Congress and other officers came off in that State yesterday; and it is known, also, that the State was invaded by rebel bands for the purpose of overawing the judges of elections and intimidating loyal voters and keeping them from the polls. To secure the right of franchise to all loyal voters (and none others were entitled to it) Gen. Burnside ordered that all military officers should aid the constituted authorities of the State in support of the laws and the purity of suffrage, and directed that no disloyal person be allowed to vote, and to ascertain who were loyal and who were not, the oath of allegiance was made the test. This is the whole substance of the order, and certainly there is nothing in it which will not meet the full approval of every loyal man of every party. But hear the wailings of the *Patriot and Union* over the disfranchisement of the rebels of Kentucky:

> "There is, in our judgment, not a chance for the success of the Democratic ticket. The administration has brought the bayonet to its support there, as will be seen by the order of Gen. Burnside, declaring martial law, and the election will be a military rather than a civil one—that is, will be a farce, so far as fair play and legality are concerned. We may safely conclude that every State in which the military dominates over the civil power, will be carried for the administration. They have determined it shall be so, and their armed legions will see that it is done. In both Kentucky and Maryland the majority is largely against the administration; but arbitrarily determining who are loyal and who disloyal, the military satraps of the administration will permit only those to vote who are known to be in favor of its policy, or those whose opinions not being known, have kept their lips sealed, so that no shadow or excuse exist for their proscription."

What! no chance for the success of the Democratic ticket when none but loyal men are allowed to vote? Are there no loyal Democrats in Kentucky? Most unhappy admission—most infamous slander? What! are all the soldiers now in Kentucky members of the Lincoln party?—Are there no Democratic soldiers in the West? Is not Gen Burnside, who issued the order, a life-long Democrat? Are the Western soldiers all ballot box stuffers and political election poll rioters? Dare not the purity of the ballot-box be entrusted to Federal soldiers? Oh! base ingratitude. Oh! vile calumniator. Is this the soldiers reward at your hands? We think they will esteem it highly.

Is there anything arbitrary in demanding of voters, in treasonable localities, that they prove themselves true to the Union ere they exercise the right of suffrage within it? No sensible loyal man would so consider it; but on the other hand he would be thankful to the authorities for instituting the test and thus preventing the enemies of himself and the Government from depriving him of his voice in this his most sacred privilege under the Constitution — And by this test alone can the Government know who are its friends and who its enemies. Loyal men may, from prudential motives, seal their lips, but traitors can do the same, and if allowed to vote merely because they have said nothing, they do far more damage by their votes, by defeating Union candidates, than they could accomplish by open hostility. Further reasoning on this point would be superfluous. No friend of the Union desires the test abolished, and the loyal voters of Kentucky demanded the order of Gen. Burnside that they might not be overawed by their enemies.

But the admission of the *Pat. and Union*, that making loyalty a test leaves no chance for the success of its party, is very humiliating, and will meet with no response from the loyal portion of its readers. To say that the Democratic party of Kentucky can only succeed by allowing every Tom, Dick and Harry from rebeldom, who might be there by chance or for the purpose, to vote without being tested, is placing the party in an unenviable position, for which the members will not thank it. No loyal man of any party desires success by such agency, because they could not trust the men elected thereby. The admission is a slander, and the whole article a silly political dodge.

The insult offered to the soldiers composing the army in Kentucky, by charging them with dishonesty toward any party of men loyal to the Union, is so false and contemptible that it is not worth a contradiction. There is no getting around the impeachment. It is boldly and fairly made, without reservation. Hereafter the public will know how much confidence to place in that paper's protestations of friendship for our soldiers. Out upon the hypocracy that will traduce our best and bravest to manufacture politilcal capital.—The curses intended for the authorities fell upon others, and the effect produced will not be desirable to the opponents of loyalty as a necessary qualification to secure the right of suffrage.

P S.—Telegraphic despatches from Cincinnati and Louisville announce the election of Bramlette, the Union candidate for Governor of Kentucky, by 20,000 majority.

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☞ The Richmond papers were jubilant over the New York riot, hailing the rioters as their friends, and predicting a general uprising of the opponents of the government throughout the loyal States. The chagrin with which they must have received the news of the suppression of the revolt may be imagined. Had Lee been successful in his raid into Pennsylvania, undoubtedly the rioters would have been aided by him and the war, for a time at least, been transferred to Northern soil. This is what the rebels calculated upon—what they sent their emissaries ahead to prepare for. But all these nice laid plans have been disarranged by the stubbornness of the veterans whom they met on the heights around Gettysburg, and the overthrow of the Union has been postponed.

But we hear another sound like the turning of tables. Away down in Mississippi we hear the returning prodigals, asking to be received into the Union again, and Grant, and Sherman, and Herron, and Banks are there to bid them welcome and offer them protection. From North Carolina comes a voice, through the Raleigh *Standard*, denouncing Jeff. Davis as a repudiator in whom no confidence should be placed, and predicting that his efforts to establish a Southern Confederacy will be a failure. For speaking thus plainly, that liberty-loving, free-speech-advocating concern the Richmond *Enquirer*, calls upon its idol of liberty, Jeff. Davis, to suppress the Raleigh *Standard* and wipe out the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Hist! Did we hear correctly? Is free speech and a free press dangerous to the interests of the great and free Southern Confederacy? According to the *Enquirer*, Lincoln is a great usurper, and the military arrests for incendiary speeches and publications were most flagrant violations of liberty of speech and the press. Ah! it was our ox that was then being gored. But how the tune is turned when his ox gets a prod or two. And he goes a length beyond the suppression of speech and press, and calls for the wiping out of the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Oh consistency! thou jewel! If such things may be done in the shadow of the Confederacy what might not be done by the great "repudiator" when the reality is secured?—But the *Standard* "will not down" at the bidding of the bireling of the *Enquirer*, who is an agent of Great Britain, and has long sought to divide the Northern and Southern people. It says that Gov. Vance will stand by the Supreme Court and the *Standard* also, if necessary, and if Jeff Davis attempts to use physical force to suppress that paper he will be met with physical force and a revolution in that State will be the result. The *Standard* says, also, that North Carolina has furnished 95,000 soldiers for this *causeless* war, 40,000 of whom are either killed or wounded, and advocates the sending of a delegation to Washington at once to see what terms can be obtained. Should matters become serious down that way, and the physical forces alluded to, come in collision, Gen. Foster would no doubt take great pleasure in settling the difficulty. In the mean time the *Enquirer* can continue to advise Jeff. how to make the rebellion successful and how far he should respect liberty of speech and of the press, and may meditate on the difference between "twedledum and twedledee."

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☞ The Union State Convention meets in Pittsburg to-morrow (Wednesday) to nominate a candidate for Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court. Prominent among the candidates for the Gubernatorial nomination are Gov. Curtin, John Covode, Senator Ketcham and others.—The nomination for Supreme Judge is conceded to the Western part of the State.

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☞ Up to Thursday last, some 400 of the drafted men in the Pittsburg district had paid in their commutation money for the procuration of substitutes, amounting to $120,000.

☞ The $300 exemption clause of the Conscription Law has received, and is still receiving, considerable airing at the hands of the editorial fraternity, stump speakers and the public generally. After having read and heard much pro and con on the subject, we are firmly convinced of the impossibility of framing a law of this character that would exactly suit everybody. Almost every man has a particular case, and he would like a law that would cover his case, whether it suits others or not.—The $300 clause was railed against as discriminating in favor of the rich and against the poor, but when the Provost Marshal General decided that the payment of $300 only exempted a man from serving under that draft, but not from any subsequent one, even should it be made within three months from the time of the first, that also met the objections of the fault-finders. Some men have, of late, became so adicted to fault-finding and grumbling, that no action of the National or State authorities can possibly pass without an objection being raised. Many of the acts of both the authorities referred to do not meet our approval, but when we consider whether, if we were in their places, we could please ourselves or the people any better, we see the impossibility of the thing, and feel satisfied to let those in authority rule out their respective terms, provided they do not transcend the power delegated to them, and when they do this, the Supreme Court will tell us and the usurper will soon be removed. We hear much, lately, about the unconstitutional acts of Congress and the President, but believing that both the powers named are as likely to understand the provisions of the constitution as the many self-constituted expounders, we give but little heed to their ravings, feeling sure that any overt act would soon be brought to the notice of the Court before referred to, and a decision obtained, after which, if the act be condemned, we would resist it to the last. Until we are sure that an act is unconstitutional we are not justified in standing in the way of its execution. It may appear arbitrary or useless to us, but we are not the elected judges of the law and may not know the requirements of the times or the particular case. Let those who would impede the execution of the laws, or resist an authortative order, be sure that they are not resisting imaginary evils only to bring real and greater ones upon themseles. Eschew mobs in all cases. They invariably act without law and bring their votaries to grief and shame without accomplishing anything for their good. Resistance is only justifiable when offered to unconstitution acts, and the Supreme Court should so decide them ere that resistance be offered.

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☞ We learn from the Huntingdon papers that the *Monitor* office, in that place, was entered on Saturday morning week, by a party of soldiers from one of the camps near the town, and several cases of type thrown into pi. The Provost guard, doing duty in the town, came on the destroyers ere they had made much headway, and compelled them to decamp, else they would have made a general demolition of the concern; the aggravating cause being the publication of a communication in the *Monitor*, abounding in false statements, and reflecting severely upon the President, Governor and the soldiers. We read the article and must say that we could find nothing in it calculated to allay the feeling that has been stirred up in that locality, or in any way benefit the cause of our country and cheer up the soldiers who are sacrificing so much to preserve it. There was much to aggravate, in the article referred to, but nothing which would justify the proceedings of the soldiers in attempting to destroy the material of the office.—The use of unlawful means to redress real or imaginery evils or injuries, always fail, and we hope this will be the last attempt to destroy the *Monitor*. The Courts are open to those aggrieved, and we have faith enough in the honesty and loyalty of the officers of the Court and citizens of Huntingdon, to believe that treason or slander would be duly punished, should either charge be sustained.

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☞ A Vicksburg correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says that our officers were making a very superior guerilla cavalry out of the negroes, and setting them to hunt their masters, instead of being hunted by them as heretofore. This is rather reversing the order of things in that region. Not long since, slave hunts, with fast horses and blooded dogs, was no uncommon occurrence. But the scene has shifted. A British officer who had hunted in the jungles of India, remarked: "Gentlemen, tiger hunting is a royal amusement and a very stirring one; but if the tiger should take it into his head to hunt you—as he sometime does—it alters the case very much, and becomes anything but agreeable." Doubtless the slave-owners of Mississippi and Louisiana are realizing the truth of the simile.

☞ The report that 7,000 French troops are marching towards Matamoras, coupled with the announcement that Maximillian has been tendered the Emperorship of Mexico by Napoleon, if he will accept it, has aroused considerable suspicion in the minds of our people. To establish an empire in Mexico is the revealed object of Napoleon, but there may be a hidden design, the developement of which it would be well for our authorities to closely watch. With the assistance of the French, the smaller faction of the Mexicans have succeeded in overcoming, for a time, but not in conquering, the majority. Although an Empire may be proclaimed, we do not believe that the mass of the Mexicans will acknowledge it, and the Emperor, whoever he may be, can only maintain his throne while he is surrounded by French bayonets. The majority of the Mexicans are not subdued, nor can they be in a day, or by a dozen proclamations of Emperors over them, and Napoleon will find, if the subjugation of the Mexicans is all he intends, that he will "pay dear for his whistle."

Did not the present difficulty exist in the United States, Louis Napoleon would not be in so much of a hurry about gobling up Mexico. Had we not been involved in internal strife, it is doubtful whether a French soldier would ever have set foot on Mexican soil. Knowing our situation, he has made the most of it and partially secured a favorable location in the event of certain contingencies in our present difficulties. In these contingencies he will, we hope, be most sadly disappointed. We can afford to wait, we think, until the rebellion is put down, unless greater encroachments are made, and then we can settle several little points with Louis, in a satisfactory manner. Our people are opposed to the establishment of an Empire on this continent.

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ORDER No. 252.—The President has issued an order, by way of retaliation for the indignities offered Union soldiers by the rebels, which must meet with the approval of every loyal man in the country. It is just the kind of retaliation which will bring the Southern chivalry to their senses, and teach them that they cannot act the part of barbarians with impunity. After stating that it is the duty of every Government to give protection to its citizens, of whatever class or color, and especially soldiers in the public service, and the usages of war, among civilized powers, permit no distinction as to color, in the treatment of prisoners, he says that the Government of the United States will give protection to all its soldiers, and that the selling or enslaving of any one because of his color, shall be retaliated. The order concludes as follows:

> "It is therefore ordered that for every soldier of the United States killed in violation of the laws of war, a rebel soldier shall be executed; and for every one enslaved by the enemy or sold into slavery, a rebel soldier shall be placed at hard labor on the public works, and continue at such labor until the other shall be released and receive the treatment due to a prisoner of war."

The placing of a few "high-toned Southern gentlemen" to work upon the Ripraps would soon cool them down and make the refined inhabitants of the Southern Confederacy act like civilized folks. A few applications of the retaliatory prescription will effect a radical cure.

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THE CHOICE.—The choice which lies before those who are disposed to grumble at a few hardships of war which are known to our people, is thus fairly stated in the Louisville Journal:

"If anybody is dissatisfied with Federal money, let him go South and get Confederate money. If any body is dissatisfied with United States taxes, let him go South and pay Southern taxes. If any body is dissatisfied with the United States enrollment, let him go South, and enjoy the benefits of the Southern Conscription."

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☞ In the ranks of Co. F, 36th Reg't, P. V. M., now at Gettysburg, is a veteran of the war of 1812, by the name of Peter Hileman, who is 74 years old. When asked by the mustering-officer whether he thought he could do service, the old hero told him he could kill a rebel as well as any body else.

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## From the Army of the Potomac.

AUGUST 1.—Gen. Buford's cavalry, artillery, and a supporting infantry force, crossed the Rappahannock at the railroad station yesterday, and thence, with his cavalry and artillery, he proceeded towards Culpepper, driving Stuart's cavalry force before him.

When near Culpepper Gen. Buford encountered a large rebel force of infantry and artillery, and a fierce fight ensued, lasting until dark, when he withdrew to a strong position east of Brandy Station. The loss on both sides was considerable.

This reconnoisance confirms the reported concentration of Lee's forces near Culpepper, and indicates that his present headquarters are at Stevensburg four miles southeast of Culpepper.

The 29 sutler's wagons, captured near Fairfax on Thursday night by Mosby and his band, were recaptured, with all their contents, on Friday morning near Aldie, by the 2d Massachusetts cavalry.

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☞ Governor Harding says that Brigham Young is probably the richest man in America. The whole Mormon tribe pay tribute to him at the rate of about $40 per head annually. At the proper time of the year, immense trains are sent out to gather in the share of the harvest belonging to the Lord, i. e., his prophet Brigham.

*From the New Orleans Era, July 24th.*

## Important from Matamoras.

The following is extracted from a letter from Matamoras to a gentleman in this city. It is dated on the 16th of June:

"There is a rumor here that 7,000 French soldiers are on the way here from Vera Cruz. It needs confirmation. If true, the authorities will endeavor to meet and fight them with such forces as they can collect. They will surely dispute with an earnest struggle for the possession of Tamaulipas, and of course this most important town would be the principal prize to be fought for. The Mexicans are resolute, and will fight the French to the last. They are united here in their opposition to the invaders.

Miramon is the lion of Fort Brown of late. He has attempted to tamper with the authorities here, but has utterly failed. They say that Mexico wants none of the services of men who have already betrayed the nation. The people are essentially loyal and patriotic.

The Texas people are desirous of playing into the hands of the French. They are up for anything that will embarrass the United States, and flatter European monarchy. They are playing the part of adventurers to the fullest extent.

A great many Texan rangers are coming here, as they have been coming here for the last eighteen months. Some are deserters, some liable to conscription in the rebel service, but most of the 5,000 or 6,000 who have passed throgh this place, were compelled to leave the State to save their lives, because our "mistaken Southern orethren" suspected them of being in heart, and in fact, "citizens of the United States." Many who were skulking from hill to hill, in the forests of Northern Texas, seeking to get out of the country, and only desirous of being let alone, have been trailed by assassins and murdered outright. I do not doubt that 2,500 murders have been committed in two years in Texas, every one of which has been for suspected sympathies for the old flag; but the new arrived are all radicals—all intend revenge.

Sixteen men from near Austin, only a week ago, arrived here, and two of them (one a nephew of Gen. Hamilton) is on the way to New Orleans.—There are hundreds of as good men in Texas as there is out of it. The Germans and thousands of Americans in Texas are loyal; and Texas would be loyal if the reign of terror was at an end."

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## Sufferings on Bragg's Retreat.

A correspondent of the Mobile *Register* writes on the 7th from Bragg's camp near Chattanooga, Tenn., the following account of the sufferings endured by the men during their retreat: The Army of the Tennessee, Gen. Braxton Bragg commanding, has arrived thus far on its retreat from the advancing army of Rosecrans. After thirteen days of unparalleled suffering, consisting of forced marches, hard work, sleepless nights, drenching rains, barefoot walking over stony roads, hunger, famine, heat by day and cold by night, we have succeeded in escaping from the terrible Yankees, and put as a peace-maker between them and us the surging current of the deep, wide and majestic Tennessee. Here we rest our broken-down bodies for a brief season, and hope to recuperate our exhausted strength, and repair in some degree our heavy losses in articles of clothing and camp equipage. On the 26th, about 9 o'clock our retreat began. Our brigade did not see the signal to retreat, and was nearly cut off, a large force of the enemy being abreast with us before we retired.—We hastened on to Tullahoma and offered a battle there, but the enemy declined it, and for fear of being flanked we retired to Chattanooga.

Our sufferings have been awful, beyond description. For seven consecutive days and nights we had wet feet and wet shoes, which were not once dry during the entire week. Our clothes, too were wet all the time. The roads were horrible. Without sleep, without adequate food, often without water, we marched, worked, stood in line of battle in mud and water, stood guard all the night, and suffered for thirteen days all that humanity could suffer in the flesh. It is ended now, but it will require weeks to restore us to our former *morale*, for we are greatly exasperated and demoralized.

Our loss in baggage, clothing and camp equipage, can never be repaired. None of us have but one suit of clothes, and many are almost naked.—Nearly one-tenth of the army is barefooted. The single suit of clothes that the luckiest of us have are wet and fermenting with the accumulated rain and sweat that have soaked them for thirteen days.

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## Morgan's Men in their Proper Uniform.

Columbus despatches announce the arrival there on Thursday of John Morgan and twenty-eight of his command. They were immediately taken to the Ohio Penitentiary, where they will remain until further orders. Fourteen are commissioned and fifteen are non-commissioned officers and privates. They were delivered over to Capt. Merion by Gen Mason, and put through the same motions as other criminals—persons searched, hair and beards shaved, bathed and clad in clean suits. Morgan and Cluke submitted very quitely, but some of the younger thieves demurred bitterly, until told they must submit. Morgan had his belt filled with gold, greenbacks and Confederate notes. One who had before broken his parole, refused to strip, when it was done for him. Cluke begged for his moustache, but it was no go—it was razored.—They will be compelled to submit to prison discipline, but confined apart from the convicts, and guarded day and night by military. One or two talked about retaliation, but the rule against speaking was instantly enforced. A negro convict did the barbering for the chivalry.

The prisoners seem not to have been aware what disposition was to be made of them until they were in sight of the prison. Some of them were much downcast at the prospect of serving an indefinite term there, while others were not at all affected, but on the contrary were joking with each other as to what trade they would learn. One fellow who was searched had a watch concealed in his pantaloons leg between the lining and the cloth. Quite a number of them had money thus concealed.—One prisoner had an old newspaper which, he said, was of no account, and was only wanted by him to place in his hat, which was too large. On unfolding it an excellent map of Ohio was discovered, of which he was, of course, deprived. The articles taken from the prisoners will be returned when they are released.

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STRANGE, VERY.—On Saturday last, Robert Killen, a drafted man in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, went out to shoot squirrels. He had not proceeded far when he saw one on a tree: he says, "the squirrel was sitting an a knot on the body of the tree," and in order to have a fair shot at it, it was necessary for him to get directly under the squirrel and shoot straight up, which he did, and strange to relate, the ball rebounded back, *passing through the brim of his hat, and his foot*. We did not ascertain whether it was off the squirrel or the knot that the bullet rebounded back and injured Mr. Killen.

We also hear of a Mr. Tiger, of Montgomery township, same county, who, since he was drafted, either fell on an ax, or an ax fell on the fore-finger of his right hand, severing it entirely, not even leaving flesh enough for the surgeon to form a "flap."

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THE DRAFTED COLORED MEN.—All colored men enrolled under the present draft are to be separated from the white conscripts by Provost Marshals, and consolidated into the nearest colored regiments or companies being organized in the several States. Instructions to this effect have been sent to the officers of Pennsylvania and Rhode Island. Colored conscripts in Pennsylvania, are to be rendezvoused at Philadelphia, in the camp commanded by Col. Wagner; in Ohio, at Camp Delaware; in Rhode Island, at the camp of the First Company Colored Heavy Artillery; in Maryland and Delaware, at Washington. Colored troops from New York, it is thought will be rendezvoused at Washington.

## An Extensive Cavalry Foray.

A letter dated Jackson, Mississippi, July 20th, says:

General Bussey, chief of cavalry in Gen. Sherman's army, has just returned from a most brilliant expedition to Canton, Miss., and beyond.—At Canton, on the 18th, he met Johnson's cavalry division, 3,000 strong, with three pieces of artillery. After a severe engagement we drove him across Pearl river.

Our forces consisted of 1,000 of Bussey's cavalry and 1,000 infantry, commanded by Col. Hook, 9[illegible] and 18th Ohio. They destroyed a railroad bridge over the Big Black at Canton, burned Way Bluff Station, burned six miles of railroad track on the Jackson, New Orleans and Mississippi Central Railroad. Five locomotives, fifty cars, thirteen large manufacturing establishments and railroad buildings were destroyed.

The Dixie works were burned, and also one hundred thousand feet of lumber at Canton. They also destroyed two miles of track, burned two locomotives, twenty-five cars in the depot also, and a very large lot of cotton at Calhoun. They also burned the pontoon bridge on which Johnson crossed his division over Pearl river, destroyed the ferry at Grant's Mills, and burned several bridges on the railroad.

We captured about one hundred prisoners. Our loss is twenty killed and wounded. The value of the property destroyed is immense. The railroad is completely destroyed for forty miles. Johnson's army is demoralized and in full retreat to Meridian. Mississippi is completely conquered, and the people are begging for deliverance from Southern rule. General Steele is still in pursuit of the flying enemy towards Meridian.

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☞ One of the greatest curiosities of a snake kind we have ever seen was witnessed by us the other day. On Wednesday while the Snowshoe train was on its way to this place, one of the brakemen discovered a young copperhead with a small black snake about half swallowed; they evidently had had a fight, the copperhead succeeded in swallowing about half of the blacksnake when the latter commenced an attack on the inside of the copperhead and succeeded in eating a hole clear through him. We would venture to say that a similar instance has seldom been seen.—*Central Press, Bellefonte.*

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c. 50c. and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. $3 and $5 sizes for HOTELS, PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
☞ Sold by all DRUGGISTS and RETAILERS everywhere.
☞ !!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ Principal Depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.
☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, Pa.
April 7, 1863.-6m *.

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

*Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met.* That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
JOHN P. PENNEY,
*Speaker of the Senate.*

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, July 1st, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA SS.

{ SEAL }

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
*Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

July 7, 1863.-te.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

Snuff & Tobacco MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18, CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham St., New York,)

would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz.:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Coarse Rappee, Pure Virginia, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the great reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

SMOKING.—Long, No. 1, No. 2, Nos. 1 and 2 mixed, Granulated, S. Jago, Spanish, Canaster, Turkish.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L. or plain, Cavendish, or Sweet, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Tin Foil Cavendish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application.
April 14, '63.-1y.]

THE UNION FOREVER!

GOOD NEWS!

GODFREY WOLF would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a

CLOTHING STORE,
*On Corner of Main and Caroline Streets,*

where he will keep on hand a large stock of ready-made clothing consisting of DRESS COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, OVERALLS, KNIT JACKETS, &c., at Philadelphia prices.

HATS & CAPS!

I have a large and varied stock of hats and caps which it will be to the advantage of all to examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, a fine stock of Gents' Furnishing goods, such as shirts, collars, neck-ties, handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

Determined to sell, I have marked my goods at the very lowest figures, and feel confident that all will be satisfied with the price and quality of my stock.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary to the Estate of ALBERT BROWN CLARK late of Altoona, Blair county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber: therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same without delay to

MARY F. CLARK,
Executrix.

Altoona, July 28, 1863-6t

Altoona Tribune.

Printed on Campbell's $650 "Country Press."

## TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB

## PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, a cut of which we give above, we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the State, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all kinds of

**Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards.**
**Circulars, Programmes,**
**MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,**
**BILL AND LETTER-HEADS**
**Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,**
**BLANK BOOKS,**
**MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.**

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Annie streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

THE DRAFT.—The *Erie City Dispatch*, of the ... inst. contains the following, which is applicable to this region just at this time. It is probable that the draft for this district will come off within ten days, when the question will be settled who is or is not to go. "The great hobby which nearly all are now riding is the $300 clause, which is, perhaps without much reflection, condemned without stint, while not a word is said about substitutes. If one is wrong, then the other is also, for if money will buy exemption at all, $5 or 500 paid for a substitute is just as wrong as $300 fine. Besides, all exemptions, according to the reasoning now adopted must be wrong, because the man who happens to have some ailment which by law disqualifies him for service, yet enables him to follow his business at home, run around electioneering, or making political harangues at country schoolhouses, &c., ought also to go. He is of far less use at home than the sound man, and is the very fellow, in our opinion, who ought to be shot at, because his loss will be of little account. Again, if the thing is wrong, then our whole system of jurisprudence is wrong also. Two men are convicted in our court, and sentenced to a fine and payment of costs, say the amount of $100; the one pays his fine; the other, having no money, goes to jail.

Now, if instead of all this palavering about the law, this talk were turned into devising ways and means to help poor men and others toward procuring substitutes, or if unable to do so to pay the fine, there would be a great deal more common sense exhibited than there is. To rail against the government, to throw obstacles in the way of the laws, or to deride their authority, is but aiding the rebels, and extending the war. Let the poorer classes then who are between 20 and 35 band together by fives, or tens, or twenties, raise a common fund, and agree that the proceeds shall be divided among those drafted out of each band. Test the over 35 blatherers against the conscription act, get up such papers and ask them to put their names and cash among yours, and perhaps they will, and perhaps they won't, as there are some mighty liberal men among them—with other people's money.

THANKSGIVING.—Thursday next, 6th inst., is the day set apart by the President as a day of thanksgiving. We have much for which to be thankful. The people of this region especially, should be thankful that, while heavily threatened with rebel raids, they were spared such a visitation, the consequences of which they can alone comprehend and appreciate by visiting the localities so inflicted. Again we should be thankful that He who overrules all things so overruled the strife at Gettysburg as that the rebel army was disastrously defeated and compelled to leave the loyal States, that victory crowned the arms of the Union at Vicksburg, Helena, Port Hudson, and the heroes under Rosecrans in Eastern Tennessee, and under Gilmore before Charleston. And again we should be thankful for a plentiful harvest, now safely housed, and fair prospects of the harvest yet to be secured. Let us all remember the source from whence our blessings come, and return to Him the gratitude of thankful hearts.

A sermon appropriate to the occasion will be preached in the Methodist Church, at 10½ o'clock, by the Rev. Wm. R. Mills.

Rev. Ullman will also hold services in the Lutheran Church at half-past 10 o'clock.

MONG SHOW LOO.—The above strange name belongs to a native of Burmah, who was converted to christianity under the labors of Dr. Judson, one of the first Missionaries to that land. He is now pursuing a course of studies at the Baptist University, at Lewisburg, Pa., preparatory to preaching the gospel to his own people. He is a very successful and earnest student—speaks the English language fluently, and can converse and sing in five different oriental dialects.

During the vacation at the University, he proposes to make a tour westward, in order to become acquainted with our manners and habits. Arouse a spirit of missionary enterprise, and also secure funds to aid him in his collegiate course.

He will visit this place, and lecture next Monday afternoon and evening. The afternoon lecture will be free to all who may wish to attend.—At night he will appear in his native costume, and lecture on the manners and habits of his people and exhibit some of their Idol Gods that he has brought with him. An admittance fee of 15 cents for adults and 10 cents for children will be charged at night. The place and hour will be duly advertised by handbills, and from the various pulpits in the place. Go see and hear.

CAMP MEETING.—A Camp Meeting of the Methodist E. Church will be held on the old ground, near Birmingham, Huntingdon county, commencing on Friday August 14th, 1863.—The friends, of Altoona, Hollidaysburg, Warriors Mark, Manor Hill and Huntingdon, and other contiguous charges, are cordially invited to attend.

J. STINE.

July 21st, 1863.

☞ DR. A. P. CALDERWOOD tenders his professional service *free of charge* to the families of volunteers now in the service of the United States.

Altoona, July 27, 1863.-3t.

*For the Altoona Tribune.*

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In closing my connection with the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, as Secretary, I beg leave to submit to all whom it may interest, the following condensed report:—

Money collected by the solicitors $87.32. Of this sum, $67,82 were expended for muslin, ticking, tape, thread, buttons, pins, sugar, &c. The remaining $17.50 were expended by the ladies in purchasing dried beef, butter, &c., for the nine months volunteers who went from this place. The Society, from the 8th of Setember to the 14th of October, 1862, held sixteen regular and three adjourned meetings. The following articles were forwarded by the Society:—278 cans of fruit, 20 sacks dried fruit, 26 glasses and jars of jellies, 2 lbs chocolate, 2 papers farina, 2 papers corn starch, 2 papers rice flour, 2 feather pillows, 46 towels, 45 sheets, 76 handkerchiefs, 207 new and 5 old shirts, 19½ pairs pillow cases, 9 linen coats, 30 pairs drawers, 46 pairs round and 26 pairs long and square limb cushions, 2 pairs woolen socks, 4 pairs slippers, 11 lbs soap, 419 rolls bandages and a large quantity of lint and compresses, making in all 16 boxes and one barrel.

Nine boxes and the barrel were sent to the Quarter Master General of the State, and their reception acknowledged by that gentleman. The remaining boxes were sent to the U. S. Sanitary Commission and were also acknowledged.

KATE E. GWINN, *Sec'y.*

Altoona, July 28, 1863.

A. M. L. & R. R. A.—Board met on Monday evening, August 3d, President Lamborn in the chair. Members present, Messrs. Lamborn, Reilly, Savory, Riebenack, Hofecker, Kessler and Irons.

The resignation of Mr. John Lowther Rec. Sec'y was handed in and accepted, and a vote of thanks tendered him by the Board for his efficient services whilst an officer of the Association.

Mr. K. Elder was elected Rec. Sec'y in place of Mr. Lowther, resigned.

Treasurer's report read and accepted.

Committee on books and publications reported the following books received into the Library since last meeting, viz., "Campaign of 1863," "Drifting About," "At Odds," "Money," "English Literature" and "The Invasion of the Crimea."

The following persons were proposed and elected active members of the Association. Mrs. Jennie D. Miller, Miss Priscilla McCrum, Messrs. Elias A. Bonine, J. G. Counsman and James H Dysart.

A bill of J. & J. Lowther, amounting to $2.25 was presented and ordered to be paid.

Mr. Reilly offered the following resolution.

*Resolved*, That the committee on outstanding dues be requested to proceed with the collection of dues, and report progress at next meeting.

On motion, adjourned.

DAVID IRONS, Cor. Sec'y.

DEAD.—Sergt. George Herrick, of Tipton, a member of Capt Cassiday's company, 110th P. V., died in one of the hospitals at Gettysburg, a short time since, from the effects of a wound received in the battle at that place, on the 2d of July. Sergt. H. was at one time proprietor of the Altoona House and afterwards of the Red Lion Hotel, in this place. Previous to enlisting he was proprietor of the Tipton Hotel. He was an exceedingly clever and sociable man, and his record is that he was as brave as he was clever. He leaves a wife and family of small children.

☞ We are now passing through the "heated term," and the past few days have run the thermometer quite high enough in the 90's to satisfy the most cool-blooded, while a recipe that would guarantee perfect coolness could be sold at a high premium. In the absence of anything of the kind, we venture to suggest that the nearest approach to a perfect cooler is a cancer of Otto Rossi's ice cream. We tried it successfully, a few evenings since. Otto also keeps on hand a fine assortment of cakes, confectioneries, &c. Call at Rossi's and sample his cream and cakes.

"The Wheeler & Wilson Machine ranks high in the community for family use, for which purpose it is admirably adapted Its advantages are, the perfection of work—both sides of the seam being alike and equally beautiful—the strength and durability of the stitch, which, when well done, it is impossible to ravel—its great rapidity—the simplicity of its construction, and the ease with which it can be worked."—*N. Y. Chronicle.*

R. A. O. Kerr, of this place, is agent for the sale of these machines in Blair and Huntingdon counties. See advertisement.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.—Treasury notes—ones altered to tens—were put in circulation in Philadelphia last Friday evening. Persons are apt simply to look at the denominational figures when Treasury notes are offered. A close inspection of the edges of the paper will reveal the green paint. As there may be plenty of altered ones offered in this town, it would be well to scrutinize them.

LAYING A DOUBLE TRACK.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company are having the road running between Middletown and Columbia graded for the purpose of laying another track. The rapidly increased business of the road rendered this movement necessary some time since, but the work was not commenced until recently, for want of laboring men.

FIRE! FIRE!!—Do not risk your property any longer to the mercy of the flames, but go to Kerr and have him insure you against loss by fire. He is agent for thirteen different companies, among which are some of the best in the United States.

Altoona, July 21.-tf.

## RAIL ROAD AND MAIL SCHEDULE.

### TRAINS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Baltimore Express West | arrives 6.55 A. M. | leaves 7.15 A. M. |
| Philadel'a " | " 7.40 " | " 8.05 " |
| Fast Line " | " 8.20 P. M. | " 8.35 P. M. |
| Mail Train " | " 7.00 " | " 7.15 " |
| Express Train East | " 8.30 P. M., | leaves 9.00 P. M. |
| Fast Line " | " 1.10 A. M., | " 1.15 A. M. |
| Mail Train " | " 7.40 " | " 8.00 " |
| Through Accom. " | " 10.15 " | " 10.25 " |

Trains on Hollidaysburg Branch run to connect with Express Trains West, Mail Train East and West and Thro' Accommodation Train East.

Trains on Tyrone & Clearfield Branch and Bald Eagle Valley R. R. run to connect with Express Train West and Mail Train East and West.

### MAILS ARRIVE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eastern Through | 7.40 A. M. |
| Eastern Way | 7.00 P. M. |
| Western Way | 10.15 A. M. |
| Western Through | 7.40 A. M. |
| Hollidaysburg | 7.30 A. M. & 7.00 P. M. |

### MAILS CLOSE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Western Way | 7.30 A. M. |
| Eastern Way | 7.30 " |
| Western Through | 7.15 P. M. |
| Eastern Through | 7.15 " |
| Hollidaysburg | 7.30 A. M. & 6.45 P. M. |

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week from 6.45 A. M. until 7.30 P. M. On Sundays from 7.30 until 8.30 A. M.

G. W. PATTON, P. M.

Altoona, April 20, 1863.

CIRCULAR TO THOSE WIDE-AWAKE TO THEIR OWN INTERESTS.—The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has returned from the East with his large and well assorted stock of goods, bought at the lowest cash prices, which he will dispose of at his usual small advance.

### OUR MOTTO.

"The nimble dime better than the slow dollar."

Come one, come all and be convinced that the cash system is to your advantage, and you will go away with the resolve that my establishment is the place to save money. No charge for showing goods. Call and examine.

I would respectfully invite your attention to my well selected assortment of Ladies and Misses' Dry Goods, containing all the late and most desirable styles of dresses to be found in the Eastern markets, among which may be had, Mozambiques, Celliques, Killarney Checks, Union Checks, Sheperds Plads, Linen Lustres, Silk Poplins, a full and complete stock of fancy and plain Flannels and Shirtings, Linen, Muslin, Ladies and Gents Gloves and Hosiery, and a tremendous stock of Austin Kelly & Co's Patent Hoop Skirts, from four to fifty springs, which I can sell at least 25 per cent. below Philadelphia retail prices. Also a great variety of Cloaking Cloths, varying in price from 75 cts to $2.25 per yard, and the largest assortment of Cassimers, Sattinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, &c., that is to be found in the country.

Carpeting and oil cloths in great variety at lowest prices.

LOOK.—My stock of groceries are selling a few cents below my would-be-rivals, who "can't see it." The cash system syrups still range from 40 to 70 cts. per gallon. Government coffee, bought before the late late heavy advances, I am selling at 22 cts per pound. It is superior to all the new fangled substitutes now selling.

BEHOLD.—Our teas range from the low price of 60 cts. per pound, upwards.

EXCELSIOR.—Our would-be-competitors stand aghast when they know we have the heaviest and best assorted stock of crockery, china, glass and delph ware to be found in any establishment between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and that we sell cheaper than they can buy. "They are superb," is the common exclamation on examining our China Tea Sets, ranging in price from $12 to $20, which is lower than they can be purchased in Pittsburgh. We are selling to people from all the surrounding counties, because we keep a large stock from which to select, and sell cheap. One examination will suffice to convince any one that we are not puffing our goods.

All kinds of ornamental flower vases, mugs, glassware, and in fact all kinds of crockery ever imagined, we keep on hand. We are still selling the celebrated Wedgewood Iron Stone Sets for $5.00, which is 25 cts. cheaper than they can be bought for in Philadelphia or Pittsburg retail market.

"I can't see how it is done?" is the query. Well, we will tell you the secret—it is *cash sales*. By this means I am enabled to increase my business and stock steadily, while other establishments are glad to decrease theirs. We are not compelled to add large profits to make up for losses by bad debts, and we save by paying cash for goods instead of buying on time and paying a higher figure.

FATHERS & MOTHERS.—Our stock of children's carriages and coaches are just the thing for those who value the health of their children more than the small amount we charge for them. Those who use a carriage once will never go back to the old-fashioned way of dragging children around in their arms. Call and see our stock of infant carriages and cabs.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, of which I am the sole Agent for Blair and Huntingdon counties, are the best machines ever used. They are perfect and warranted for two years. I do not ask you to buy unless you are satisfied you are saving money by so doing.

R. A. O. KERR

Altoona, May 9th, 1863.

## A CARD TO THE SUFFERING.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a Missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I have brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge. Address,

WM. COSGROVE,
439 Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dec. 22, 1862-1y.

### TO THE YOUNG OR OLD,

*Male or Female.*

If you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the

*YOUTH OF BOTH SEXES,*

WHICH CAUSES SO MANY ALARMING SYMPTOMS

*It unfits them for Marriage,*

And is the greatest evil which can befall

MAN OR WOMAN.

See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer,

Cut out the Advertisement.

And send for it at once.

Delays are dangerous.

Ask for Helmbold's.

Take no other.

Cures guaranteed.

*Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.*

## SINGER & CO.'S
## Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine.

WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS.

Is the BEST and CHEAPEST and MOST BEAUTIFUL of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything, from the running of a tuck in Tarletan to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gauze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather tuck, quilt, and has capacity for a great variety of Ornamental work. This is not the only machine that can fell hem, bind, &c., but it will do so better than any other Machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box, or case, which, when open, makes a beautiful, substancial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design—plain as the wood grew in its native forest, or as elaborately finished as art can make them.

The Branch Offices are well supplied with Silk-Twist, Thread, Needles, Oil etc., of the very best quality.

Send for a copy of "SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE."

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
458 Broadway, N. Y.
PHILADELPHIA OFFICE—810 CHESTNUT ST.

Mr. D. W. A. Belford, Merchant Tailor, Virginia Street, Agent in Altoona.

Altoona, Nov. 13, 1862. [1 yr.

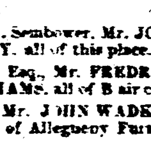
## MARRIED.

On the 31st ult., by Rev. A. H. Sembower, Mr. JOHN H. AFRICA and Miss SUE KELLY, all of this place.

On the 2d inst., by John Griffin, Esq., Mr. FREDRICK HUBERD and Miss MARY WILLIAMS, all of Blair co.

On the same day by the same, Mr. JOHN WADKINS and Miss LYDIA ZIMERMAN, all of Allegheny Furnace.

## VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE



The subscriber offers at Private Sale a valuable property, situate on Branch St., East Altoona, immediately opposite the Machine Shops.

The house is well built and nearly new and contains

### Fifteen Rooms with Good Cellars.

It is calculated for THREE FAMILIES, and at the most reasonable terms will bring $20 per month rent. There is a well of good water in the yard. Terms easy.

Apply to MICHAEL WYROUGH, on the premises, or to JAMES KEARNEY, at his store, in East Altoona.

July 28, 1863-tf

## NEW FIRM.

HENRY TUCK. DAVID ETTINGER.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG LEAVE to inform the public that they have entered into the partnership in the

### CLOTHING BUSINESS.

and will continue at the stand heretofore occupied by H. Tuck, on Main Street a few doors above the Exchange Hotel, Altoona.

They have also wholesale and retail store at

*No. 705 Market Street, Philadelphia,*

where they will sell all kinds of ready-made clothing and gents furnishing goods at the very lowest prices.

They will be enabled to sell cheaper than many others from the fact that they manufacture their own goods, and thus save the manufacturers per centage, and all cloth as will be warranted well made.

Aug. 4, 1863-tf

LARGE SIZE

## PHOTOGRAPHS

AND

## AMBROTYPES,

Gilt and Rosewood Frames,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

*CARTES-DE-VISITES.*

ALL STYLES AND SIZES OF

## CASES, &C.,

CLABAUGH'S BUILDING.

Julia Street, between Virginia and Emma,

ALTOONA, PA.

ELIAS A. BONINE.

Aug. 4 '63-6m.

## SAPONIFIER,

OR

## CONCENTRATED LYE.

THE FAMILY SOAP MAKER.

THE PUBLIC are cautioned against the SPURIOUS articles of LYE for making soap, &c., now offered for sale. The only GENUINE and PATENTED LYE is that made by the PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, their trade-mark for it being "SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE." The great SUCCESS of this article has led unprincipled PARTIES to endeavor to IMITATE it, in violation of the Company's PATENTS.

ALL MANUFACTURERS, BUYERS or SELLERS of these SPURIOUS LYES, are hereby notified that the COMPANY have employed as their ATTORNEYS,

GEORGE HARDING, Esq., of Philadelphia, and WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Esq., of Pittsburg,

AND THAT ALL MANUFACTURERS, USERS, OR SELLERS OF LYE, in violation of the rights of the Company will be prosecuted at once.

THE SAPONIFIER, or CONCENTRATED LYE, is for sale by all DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND COUNTRY STORES.

## Take Notice!!

The United States Circuit Court, Western District, Western District of Pennsylvania, No. 1 of May Term, 1863, in suit of the PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY vs. THOMAS G. CHASE, decreed to the Company on November 15, 1862, the EXCLUSIVE right granted by a patent owned by them for the SAPONIFIER. Patent dated October 21, 1856. Perpetual injunction awarded.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

*SALT MANUFACTURING CO.*

OFFICES:
127 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
Pitt St. and Duquesne Way, Pittsburg.

May 12, '63. 3 m. [illegible]

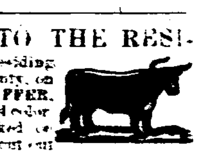
NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following resolution was adopted at a late meeting of the Board of Managers of the Altoona Hall and Market Company:—

*Resolved*, That the second instalment of 10 per cent. on the stock subscribed for, be made payable on the 20th day of the present month, May, and that the balance of the subscription be made payable in monthly instalments of 10 per cent. each, on the 15th day of each succeeding month, until the whole amount is paid in.

Persons wishing to take stock in the company can still be accommodated, there being a few shares yet unsold.

Altoona, May 19th.-tf B. F. ROSE, *Treasurer.*

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber, residing in Allegheny township, Blair county, on the 11th day of May, 1863, a HEIFFER, about four years old, white and red color, rather mixed, white belly, marked on the left ear by a slit and a piece cut out of the lower part—has a calf about two weeks old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.



July 28, 1863-3t.* NANCY REGAN.

SUPERIOR STOCK OF LIQUORS.—JOHN H FRITCHEY is now able to offer to their customers and the public at large, a stock of the purest liquors ever brought into this market, comprising, in part the following varieties:

WHISKY—IRISH, SCOTCH, OLD BOURBON
WINE—PORT, SHERRY, OLD MADEIRA
OTARD, DUPEY & CO. PALE BRANDY.

These liquors can all be warranted; and in addition to these, FRITCHEY has on hand a large variety of Wines, Whisky and Brandy, to which they invite the particular attention of the public.

Altoona, May 12 1863.

MACKEREL—NOS 1, 2, AND 3 in all sized packages new, and each package warrented, just received and for sale low by FRITCHEY.

COAL OIL!—A NO. 1 COAL OIL just received and for sale, at 45 cents per gallon by FRITCHEY.

BROOMS, BRUSHES, TUBS AND Baskets of all descriptions, qualities and prices for sale by FRITCHEY.

WORRELL'S PREPARED COFFEE just received and for sale by FRITCHEY.

JERSEY PLAIN HAMS & SHOULDERS, just received and for sale by FRITCHEY.

BOSTON CRACKERS—A LARGE supply of those delicious crackers just received and for sale by FRITCHEY.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, FROM the store, always on hand and for sale as low as the lowest by FRITCHEY.

COFFEES, SUGARS, AND SYRUPS of all grades, and at reasonable prices for sale by FRITCHEY.

FRITCHEY'S NEW STORE, corner of Caroline and Virginia Sts.

FRESH BUTTER & EGGS EVERY Thursday, for sale by FRITCHEY.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by J. B. HILEMAN. Jan. 15-tf

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at G. W. KESSLER'S. 1-tf.

## Dr. SWEET'S

INFALLIBLE

## LINIMENT,

THE

### GREAT REMEDY

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This Liniment is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous bone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivalled by any preparation before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This Liniment will cure rapidly and radically, RHEUMATIC DISORDERS of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been known to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst cases of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excess, this Liniment is a most happy and unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revivifies the system and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES.—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the *best* known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief and in majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

QUINSY AND SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this Liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst case may be conquered by this Liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS AND SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, CHILBLAINS, FROSTED FEET, AND INSECT BITES AND STINGS.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
The Great Natural Bone Setter.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is known all over the United States.

Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut,
Is the author of "Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment."

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Rheumatism and never fails.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is a certain remedy for Neuralgia.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Burns and Scalds immediately.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best known remedy for Sprains and Bruises.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Headache immediately and was never known to fail.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Affords immediate relief for Piles, and seldom fails to cure.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Toothache in one minute.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Cures Cuts and Wounds immediately and leaves no scar.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is the best remedy for sores in the known world.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Has been used by more than a million people, and all praise it.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Taken internally cures Colic, Cholera Morbus and Cholera.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is truly a "friend in need," and every family should have it at hand.

Dr. Sweet's Infallible Liniment
Is for sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents.

### A FRIEND IN NEED. TRY IT.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT, as an external remedy, is without a rival, and will alleviate pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, &c., its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over one thousand certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, attest the fact.

### TO HORSE OWNERS!

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any, and in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the lameness, and enable the horses to travel with comparative ease.

### EVERY HORSE OWNER

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

DR. SWEET'S

*INFALLIBLE LINIMENT*

IS THE

## Soldier's Friend,

And thousands have found it truly

A FRIEND IN NEED!

### CAUTION.

To avoid imposition, observe the signature and Likeness of Dr. Stephen Sweet on every label, and also "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

RICHARDSON & CO.
Sole Proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
46 Cliff Street, New York.

☞ Sold by all dealers everywhere.

December 4, 1862.-1y.

## HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE

## PREPARATIONS

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
A Positive and Specific Remedy
For Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the ABSORBENTS into healthy action, by which the WATERY OR CALCAREOUS depositions, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS, are reduced, as well as PAIN AND INFLAMMATION, and is good for MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN.

### HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse.

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion.
Loss of Memory.
Weak Nerves.
Horror of Disease.
Dimness of Vision,
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System,
Hot Hands.
Dryness of the Skin.

Difficulty of Breathing.
Loss of Power.
Trembling.
Wakefulness.
Pain in the Back.
Flushing of the Body.
Eruptions of the Face.

### PALLID COUNTENANCE.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILEPTIC FITS, in one of which the patient may expire.

Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "DIREFUL DISEASES,"

### "INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering.
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS.
And the melancholy Deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion.

THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITH ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the System, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

### FEMALES! FEMALES!!

OLD OR YOUNG, SINGLE, MARRIED OR CONTEMPLATING MARRIAGE.

In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.
SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

### No Family Should be Without It.

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant Medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

### HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

CURES SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages, At little Expense,
Little or no change in Diet, No inconvenience
And no Exposure.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra. Allaying Pain and Inflammation so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all Poisonous Diseases and worn-out Matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS who have been the victims of Quacks, and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found that they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of "powerful astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and perhaps after Marriage.

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU for all affections and diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the aid of a DIURETIC

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Is the Great DIURETIC, and is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will accompany the medicines.

Certificates of Cures, from eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

### Price $1,00 Per Bottle, or Six for $5.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from any observation.

DESCRIBE SYMPTOMS IN ALL COMMUNICATIONS.
Cures Guaranteed. Advice Gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn, doth say his preparation contains no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 23d day of November, 1854. W. P. HIBBARD, Alderman.
Ninth St., above Race, Phila.

Address letters for information in confidence to

H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot, 104 South Tenth-St., below Chestnut,
Philadelphia, Penn.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,

Who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained by

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
do do Extract Buchu,
do do do Sarsaparilla,
do do Improved Rose Wash.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.

September 17th, 1862-1y.

## A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

*Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met,* That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature, containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
JOHN P. PENNEY,
*Speaker of the Senate.*

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, July 1st, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA SS.

{ SEAL }

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

IN TESTIMONY whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
*Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

July 7, 1863.-te.

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# THE UNION FOREVER!

## GOOD NEWS!

**GODFREY WOLF** would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has opened a

## CLOTHING STORE,

*On Corner of Main and Caroline Streets,*

where he will keep on hand a large stock of ready-made clothing consisting of DRESS COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, OVERALLS, KNIT JACKETS, &c., at Philadelphia prices.

## HATS & CAPS!

I have a large and varied stock of hats and caps which it will be to the advantage of all to examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, a fine stock of Gents' Furnishing goods, such as shirts, collars, neck-ties, handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

Determined to sell, I have marked my goods at the very lowest figures, and feel confident that all will be satisfied with the price and quality of my stock.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

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## THE Early Physical Degeneracy of AMERICAN PEOPLE.

JUST PUBLISHED BY DR. A. STONE

*Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute.*

A Treatise on the Causes of Early Physical decline of American People: the cause of Nervous Debility, Consumption and Marasmus.

This work is one of high moral tone, written in chaste, yet thrilling, language, and appeals directly to the moral consciousness of ALL PARENTS and Guardians especially, detailing scientific and reliable aids and treatment for cure.

It will be sent by mail on the receipt of two (3 cent) Stamps.

☞ Parents and Guardians! Fail not to send and obtain this book.

☞ Young men! Fail not to send and get this book.

☞ Ladies! You too should at once secure a copy of this book.

*A Word of Solemn Conscientious Advice to those who will reflect.*

A class of maladies prevail to a fearful extent in the community, dooming at least 100,000 youth of both sexes annually to an early grave. Those diseases are very imperfectly understood. Their external manifestation, or symptoms are Nervous Debility, Relaxation and Exhaustion; Marasmus or wasting and consumption of the tissues of the whole body; shortness of breathing or hurried breathing on ascending a hill or flight of stairs; great palpitation of the Heart; Asthma, Bronchitis and sore Throat; shaking of the Hands and limbs; aversion to society and to business or study; dimness of eye sight, loss of Memory, dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia, Pain in various parts of the body; Pains in the back or limbs, Lumbago, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, irregularity of the bowels, deranged secretions of the Kidneys and other glands of the body, as Leucorrhoea or Fleur Albus, &c. Likewise Epilepsy, Hysteria and Nervous Spasms.

Now in ninety-nine cases out of every one hundred, all of the above named disorders, and a host of others not named, as Consumption of the Lungs and that most insidious and wily form of consumption of the Spinal Nerves, known as Tabes Dorsales, and Tabes mesenterica, have their seat and origin in diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. Hence the want of success on the part of old school practice in treating symptoms only.

Dr. Andrew Stone, Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institution, is now engaged in treating this class of modern maladies with the most astonishing success. The treatment adopted by the Institution is new; it is based upon scientific principles, with new discovered remedies; without minerals or poisons. The facilities of cure are such that patients can be cured at their homes, in any part of the country, from accurate descriptions of their case, by letter; and have the medicines sent by Mail or express. Printed interrogatories will be forwarded on application.

☞ Consumption, Catarrh and diseases of the throat cured as well at the Home of the Patients as at the Institution, by sending the Cold Medicated INHALING BALSAMIC VAPORS, with inhaler and ample directions for their use, and direct correspondence.

☞ Patients applying for interrogatives or advice, must enclose return stamps, to meet attention.

☞ The attending Physician will be found at the Institution for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., each day. Sunday in the forenoon.

Address DR. ANDREW STONE.
Physician to the Troy Lung and Hygienic Institute, and Physician for Diseases of the Heart, Throat and Lungs, 96 Fifth Street, Troy, N. Y.

Altoona, Dec. 30th, 1862.-1y.

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# From the Front!

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that they have just returned from the East with their

## SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

Their stock of HATS & CAPS have been selected with great care, and with the view of suiting all who may favor them with their patronage. Their line of Boots and Shoes is complete.

Their *LADIES' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES* are of City make, and warranted. Their Balmoral Shoes for Ladies and Misses, are just the thing for wet weather and saving health

Thankful to the public for their very liberal patronage heretofore, they hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Store on *MAIN ST.* next door to Bowman's Exchange Hotel.

SMITH & MANN.

Altoona, May 12, 1863.

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## CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

## ICE CREAM SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up ICE CREAM in the best style during the season.

*FRESH-BAKED*

## BREAD, CAKES, & PIES,

always on hand, at reasonable rates.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall.

OTTO ROSSI.

Altoona, April 28, 1863-tf.

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## WM. S. BITTNER

# Dental Surgeon.

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

Dr. B. would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country, that he is prepared to insert

## ARTIFICIAL TEETH!

from a single tooth to a full set, in the most superior style,

*ON GOLD, SILVER, OR VULCANITE BASE.*

It would be to the advantage of all persons desiring artificial teeth, to call at his office before going elsewhere, if they wish cheapness, beauty or durability.

Dr. Bittner will visit Hollidaysburg and vicinity when his services are desired. [Feb. 17, 1863-tf.

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## NORTH WARD AHEAD!

*NE[illegible]OODS! [illegible]EW [illegible]ODS!*

## AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

## LADIES' DRESS GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

## MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,

MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE, HATS AND CAPS.

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at | 12½ cents. |
| FAST MADDER COLORS, | 10 " |
| FANCY DELAINES, from 12½ to | 25 " |
| Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide, | 12½ " |
| " " ⅞ " | 10 " |
| " " ¾ " | 8¼ " |
| Heavy Unbl'ched " yard " | 12½ " |
| " " " ⅞ " | 8 and 10 " |
| LAWNS, from 8 to | 15 " |
| LADIES' SLIPPERS, from 40 to | 50 " |
| " Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES, | $1 25 |
| " Pegged " | 1 00 |
| MEN'S CALF BOOTS, | 2 75 |
| " GOAT " | 2 50 |
| BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,) | 1 50 |
| MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to | 1 00 |
| MEN'S CALF MONROES, | 1 00 |

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low

GROCERIES. Rio Coffee at 25 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents. Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.
North Ward.

Altoona, May 1, 1862]

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## EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

*Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.*

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

## CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., &c.,

exactly suited to this locality and intended for the

AUTUMN AND WINTER TRADE.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

## LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really can't be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

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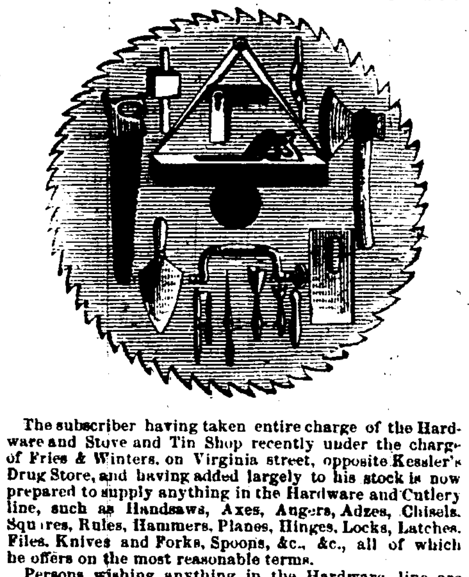
# HARDWARE.



The subscriber having taken entire charge of the Hardware and Stove and Tin Shop recently under the charge of Fries & Winters, on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, and having added largely to his stock is now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which he offers on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine his stock.

He has also added Oils, Paints, Carbon Oil, etc., to his stock, and will dispose of all these articles at a small advance on first cost.

He will also continue the

## STOVE BUSINESS,

and will keep on hand an assortment from which any person will be able to select an article to please their fancy. In the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRONWARE, CEDAR and WILLOW-WARE,

he will always have a large supply, and will make to order anything that may be called for.

Job work in this line promptly attended to.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

put up on short notice in the best style.

April 21, 1863.-tf. SAMUEL I. FRIES.

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# HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

## CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
WOODEN WARE, BROOMS,
WINDOW SHADES.
DOOR MATS,
UPHOLSTERING GOODS.
SHOE FINDINGS,
COFFIN TRIMMINGS,
MOULDERS' TOOLS,
BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

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## VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE!!

THE PROPERTY known as the Greensburg School Property, situate in North Ward, adjoining lots of Wm. Dent, and W. A. B. Lamb, is, in accordance with a resolution of the School Board, offered at Private Sale. This is a desirable property, there being TWO FULL LOTS OF GROUND AND A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE. With a little expense the house can be made to accommodate two families.

For further information inquire of Wm. Boyden, J. B. Hileman, James Lowther, A. Maxwell, H. C. Dern, or Jno. A. Baer, School Directors.

WM. BOYDEN.
Pres't Altoona School Board.

May 12, 1863-tf.]

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## CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON

MRS. C. BEITER respectfully announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Altoona and vicinity that she has opened a

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON,

*In Jesse Smith's old Stand, on Virginia street, opposite the*

LUTHERAN CHURCH,

where she will keep on hand a choice lot of confectioneries nuts, fruit, cakes, etc., which she will sell at the most reasonable prices.

During the season she will also keep Ice Cream, of different flavors, which she will take pleasure in serving to customers at all hours of the day and evening.

Give me a call, and I will give satisfaction.

April 21st, 1863.-6m.

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ONWARD! ONWARD!!

*EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!*

NOW OPEN

*On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,*

EAST ALTOONA,

## AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an

## ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

*VERY LOWEST PRICES.*

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

## LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

## Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

## WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

## SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

## BOOTS AND SHOES,

*LADIES' GAITERS,*

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

## QUEEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries, Flour,
Bacon, Cheese,
Syrups, Molasses,
Mackerel, Herring,
Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

## CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862-tf

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## ESTABLISHED 1760.

PETER LORILLARD,

## Snuff & Tobacco MANUFACTURER,

16 & 18, CHAMBERS ST.,

(Formerly 42 Chatham St., New York,)

would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz.:

### BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros, Fine Rappee, Coarse Rappee, Pure Virginia, Nachitoches, American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

### YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch, High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch, Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot, Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the great reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

### TOBACCO.

SMOKING.—Long, No. 1, No. 2, Nos. 1 and 2 mixed, Granulated, S. Jago, Spanish, Canaster, Turkish.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain, Cavendish, or Sweet, Sweet Scented Oronoco, Tin Foil Cavendish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application.

April 14, 63,-1y.]

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# A Benefit to All.

## TRY ONE BOTTLE.

*A trial will prove the fact, and facts are stubborn things.*

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS ARE SUCCESSFUL IN EVERY CASE. No family should be without it. Hundreds of certificates and letters of thanks are arriving every day from persons who have been cured.

## THE HERB BITTERS

have never failed in curing

RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA,

Female Irregularities, and all Diseases arising from

*IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD,*

As a Blood Purifier, Tonic and General Appetiser, these Bitters are without a rival. No Lady desiring

A CLEAR COMPLEXION

should be without it. Please get a circular and certificates from our Agent.

B. MISHLER,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
LANCASTER, PA.

NOTICE.—The great success of Mishler's Herb Bitters, has induced unprincipled parties to manufacture a worthless article, which they are selling at a low price, *of which beware.* The genuine can only be bought in Blair County, of

G. W. WHITFIELD,
(Sole Agent for Blair County,)
Depot Drug Store, Main street, Altoona, Pa.

June 2d, 1863-tf.

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## ANDREW ECKEL,

DEALER IN

## Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, &c., &c.,

*Annie street, Altoona, Pa., and McKeage's Old Stand, Montgomery street, Hollidaysburg, Pa.*

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Goods in his line constantly on hand at the lowest cash prices. [Feb. 7, 1863.

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## WASTE NOT—WANT NOT.

To the People of Altoona and vicinity.

The undersigned takes this method of informing the Public that he has just arrived from the city and located in Altoona, where he is prepared to buy up OLD WOOLEN RAGS, BRASS, COPPER AND PEWTER. He will pay the highest price in cash for all such articles, at the corner of Allegheny and Branch sts., adjoining W. T. Marriott's store.

May 28, 1863,-3m*.] F. BRADBURY.

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DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

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S. M. WOODKOK,

*ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,*

Altoona, Penn'a,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.

Feb. 3, 1863-tf.

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BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, agent of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Blair county, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandise Furniture and property of every description,* in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the *Tribune* office.

E. B. McCRUM, *Agent.*

---

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'

---

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

---

R. A. O. KERR.

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair & Huntingdon Counties.

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

## OVER 1,400 MORE

of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

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# STOVES,

## TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has taken the store and shop recently occupied by Fries & Winters, on *Annie street, East Altoona,* where he has on hand a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns,* such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

*TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE,* in great variety, always on hand.

## ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

He has also attached a copper-smithing room to his establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

April 21st, 1863.-tf STEPHEN WINTERS.

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THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTfully informs the public that he will continue to keep a

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

in the room recently occupied by Roberts and Rutherford. The business heretofore carried on by them will, in the future, be in the name of JOHN H. ROBERTS.

He will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

## Boots & Shoes,

GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c, &c, &c

which he will offer at fair prices and warrant to be of the best material and manufacture Particular attention will be given to

## CUSTOM WORK,

in which he warrants to give entire satisfaction, as he buys the best stock and employs none but the best workmen.

Remember the old stand, on Virginia Street, one door East of Kessler's Drug Store.

Oct. 10 1862-tf. JOHN H. ROBERTS.

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FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

## 400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

---

## C. C. SERVER & SON,

Paper, Envelope and Printers' Card

WAREHOUSE,

No. 513, MINOR STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND FLAT CAPS, LETTER AND NOTE.

MANILLA PAPER.
FOLIO POST.
PACKET POST.
HARDWARE, FOOLSCAP,
PRINTING PAPER, ENVELOPE
COLORED PAPER, BINDERS, TRUNK,
STRAW AND BOX BOARD, TISSUE,
SHOE, AND TEA PAPERS.

*PRINTING AND MANILLA PAPER* made to order.

June 16, 1863.

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J. G. ADLUM,

## Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

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GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

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A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH, President.

JAS. LOWTHER, Secretary. [May 15-'62]

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A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

---

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

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NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

---

NEW WINTER READY MADE Clothing just received at LAUGHMAN'S.

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SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

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MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

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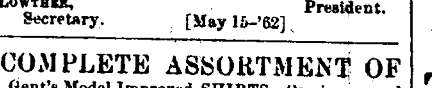

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS. $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.-tf.

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H. B. MILLER, DENTIST.

☞ Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets, Altoona. [Jan. 20—2m*

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PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

---

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S

---

## AMERICAN Life Insurance and Trust Co.

COMPANY'S BUILDING Southeast Corner of Walnut and Fourth Streets, Philad'a.

Authorized Capital, ......... $500,000
Paid up Capital, ......... 250,000
Assets, ......... 1,897,746

Incorporated 1850, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Insures Lives during the Natural life or for short terms, grants annuities and endowments, and makes contracts of all kinds depending on the issues of life.

Policies of Life Insurance issued at the usual mutual rates of other good companies—with profits to the assured—last BONUS January, 1861, being 43 per cent. of all premiums received on mutual policies—at Joint Stock rates, 20 per cent less than the above, or Total Abstinence rates 40 per cent. less than Mutual price. Also, a

## NON-FORFEITURE PLAN,

By which a person pays for 5, 7, or 10 years only, when the policy is paid up for LIFE, and nothing more to pay; and should he be unable, or wish to discontinue sooner, the Company will issue a PAID UP POLICY, in proportion to the amount of premium paid, as follows:

| On a Policy of $1,000, after payment of | 5 Year rates. | 7 Year rates. | 10 Year rates. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Annual Premium, for | $200 00 | $142 85 | $100 00 |
| 2 " " " | 400 00 | 285 70 | 200 00 |
| 4 " " " | 800 00 | 571 40 | 400 00 |
| 6 " " " | ——— | 857 10 | 600 00 |
| 8 " " " | ——— | ——— | 800 00 |

ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice President.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Alexander Whilldin, J. Edgar Thomson,
Hon. Jas. Pollock, Hon. Joseph Allison,
Albert C. Roberts, Jonas Bowman,
Samuel T. Bodine, H. H. Eldridge,
George Nugent, John Aikman,
William J. Howard, Charles F. Heazlitt,
Samuel Work.

Any further information can be had by applying to the undersigned, who is the authorized agent for Blair County.

July 31, 1862 1y R. A. O. KERR.

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## JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

*The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!*

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to lift me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-5m JACOB SNYDER.

---

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

*Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.*

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

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## Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves,* of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware,* consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

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NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

☞ Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly.)

To G. W. MATSELL & CO.,
Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette,
*New York City.*

15-tf]

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EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

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## SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

## BOOTS AND SHOES, BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

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GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

---

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf]

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HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862.-1y.

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EXCELLENT HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES just received at LAUGHMAN'S

---

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

---

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

## Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

*No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.*

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of [illegible] Books for Banks, County [illegible] Companies, and private in[illegible] the very best of stock [illegible] relied upon. B[illegible] and bound to any desired pa[illegible] and Justices Dockets of all [illegible] order. Triennial and Yearly Assessment [illegible] &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason, Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express. All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER, *Harrisburg, Pa.*

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are our agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1862-1

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HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction.

---

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!

## STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

## Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.

And among which may be found every quality of goods the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate.

In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

## GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Helen streets, East Altoona.

THOMAS HESLOP

Altoona, May 22, 1862.

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## JACOB WEIS,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,

VIRGINIA STREET, ALTOONA, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND BREAD, CAKES, CANDIES

## ICE CREAM

AND SWEETMEATS, of his own manufacture, which he is prepared to sell, wholesale or retail, at the most reasonable prices. Also, FOREIGN FRUITS, such as

ORANGES, LEMONS, PINE-APPLES, FIGS, PRUNES, RAISINS, NUTS, &C., &C.

always on hand in their respective seasons.

## CAKES BAKED TO ORDER.

for particular occasions, on short notice and in the neatest and best style of the art.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as can be purchased elsewhere.

Jan. 27, 1863.

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## H. FETTINGER'S General News Agency,

OAK HALL, No. 7, MAIN STREET

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
STATIONERY, CONFECTIONARIES
CIGARS & TOBACCO.
TOYS AND NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

October 24, 1861.

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W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
*ALTOONA, PA.*

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
*HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.*

## BANKERS,

(*Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co."*)

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 3d, 1859.

---

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

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OUR LADY FRIENDS WOULD DO well to look in upon the choice and chaste assortment of Summer DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the well-filled shelves of MURPHY & McPIKE.

Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

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PINE AND LARD OILS. CAMphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at KESSLER'S

Jan. 3, '56-tf]

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ON HAND AT McCORMICK'S Store—A splendid assortment of Ready-Made clothing. Call and see. Nov. 25.-tf.

---

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

---

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

---

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING neatly and expeditiously executed at the "ALTOONA TRIBUNE" OFFICE.

---

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.

---

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

---

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

---

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF OVERCOATS can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

---

HAIR OIL, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by 1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.